

Appendix 3.55						
Some important Employment and Unemployment Indicators (per 1000) – Kerala						
(Based on the surveys conducted in 2004-05 and 2009-10)						
Age: All Ages						
Indicator	Rural			Urban		
	Male	Female	Male + Female	Male	Female	Male + Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
<b>NSS 61st round (July 2004-June 2005)</b>						
<b>usual principal status</b>						
LFPR	572	258	407	565	260	410
WPR	524	178	343	514	149	329
UR	83	309	158	90	429	199
<b>usual principal &amp; subsidiary status</b>						
LFPR	589	321	448	583	301	440
WPR	559	256	400	547	200	371
UR	51	201	107	62	334	154
<b>current weekly status</b>						
LFPR	568	285	420	560	260	408
WPR	512	211	354	510	165	335
UR	98	260	156	91	365	180
<b>current daily status</b>						
LFPR	548	246	390	544	240	390
WPR	432	161	290	450	139	292
UR	211	346	256	174	423	252
<b>NSS 66th round (July 2009-June 2010)</b>						
<b>usual principal status</b>						
LFPR	572	223	389	553	213	375
WPR	550	176	354	534	171	344
UR	38	210	90	34	198	83
<b>usual principal &amp; subsidiary status</b>						
LFPR	583	260	414	564	233	391
WPR	564	218	383	547	194	363
UR	32	161	75	29	168	73
<b>current weekly status</b>						
LFPR	566	238	394	555	218	379
WPR	539	191	357	526	179	344
UR	47	199	95	52	181	91
<b>current daily status</b>						
LFPR	541	213	370	534	201	360
WPR	471	155	306	469	158	307
UR	129	274	173	121	213	148

**Source:** Compiled from the NSSO Reports ‘Employment and Unemployment Situation in India 2004-05’ and ‘Key Indicators of Employment and Unemployment in India 2009-10’.

Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR): LFPR is defined as the number of persons/person-days in the labour force per 1000 persons/person-days

Worker Population Ratio (WPR): WPR is defined as the number of persons/person-days employed per 1000 persons/person-days

Unemployment Rate (UR): UR is defined as the number of persons/person-days unemployed per 1000 persons/person-days in the labour force

(which include both the employed and unemployed.)